§144.39 Permit to transfer and withdraw merchandise.

If all legal and regulatory requirements are met the appropriate Customs officer shall approve the application to transfer or withdraw merchandise from a bonded warehouse by endorsing the permit copy and returning it to the applicant. The approved permit shall be presented by the withdrawer to the warehouse proprietor as evidence of Customs authorization of the transfer or withdrawal. The approved permit copy shall thereafter be retained in the warehouse entry file of the proprietor. Goods covered by permit may be retained in the bonded warehouse at the option of the proprietor.

[T.D. 82-204, 47 FR 49376, Nov. 1, 1982]

Subpart E—Rewarehouse Entries

§144.41 Entry for rewarehouse.

- (a) Applicability. When merchandise which has been withdrawn from warehouse for transportation to another port has arrived at the port of destination, it may be entered for rewarehouse by the consignee named in the withdrawal.
- (b) Form of entry. An entry for rewarehouse shall be made in duplicate on Customs Form 7501 and shall contain all of the statistical information as provided in § 141.61(e) of this chapter. The port director may require an extra copy or copies of Customs Form 7501, annotated "PERMIT," for use in connection with the delivery of the merchandise to the warehouse. No declaration is required on the entry.
- (c) Combining separate shipments. Separate shipments consigned to the same consignee and received under separate withdrawals for transportation shall not be combined in one rewarehouse entry unless the warehouse withdrawals are from the same original warehouse entry.
- (d) Bond. A bond on Customs Form 301, containing the bond conditions set forth in §113.62 of this chapter shall be filed before a permit is issued on Customs Form 7501 for sending the merchandise to the bonded warehouse. However, no bond shall be required if the merchandise is entered by the con-

signee named in the original bond filed at the original port of entry, or if it is entered by a transferee who has established his right to withdraw the merchandise and has filed a bond in accordance with subpart C of this part.

- (e) Value and classification. The duties determined at the port where the original warehouse entry was filed shall be the duties chargeable under the rewarehouse entry, except in the cases provided for in §§ 159.7 (a) and (b) of this chapter, which pertain to certain classes of merchandise excluded from the liquidation of the original warehouse entry and merchandise on which rates of duty or tax are changed by an act of Congress or by a proclamation by the President.
- (f) Examination. Any examination necessary for identification of the merchandise, determination of shortages, or other purposes shall be made.
- (g) Failure to enter. If the rewarehouse entry is not filed before the expiration of 5 days after its arrival or any authorized extension, it shall be sent to the general order warehouse but shall not be sold or otherwise disposed of as unclaimed until the expiration of the original 5-year period during which the merchandise may remain in warehouse under bond.
- (h) *Protest.* A protest may be filed at the port where the rewarehouse entry is made against a liquidation made at that port under §159.7 (a) or (b) of this chapter, or against a refusal of the director of that port to liquidate pursuant to said sections. In all other cases, any protest shall be filed against the original warehouse entry.

[T.D. 73–175, 38 FR 17464, July 2, 1973, as amended by T.D. 82–204, 47 FR 49376, Nov. 1, 1982; T.D. 84–129, 49 FR 23168, June 5, 1984; T.D. 84–213, 49 FR 41185, Oct. 19, 1984]

§144.42 Combined entry for rewarehouse and withdrawal for consumption.

(a) Applicability. If the consignee of merchandise withdrawn for transportation wishes to pay duty and obtain possession of the merchandise immediately upon arrival at destination, he may make a combined entry for rewarehouse and withdrawal for consumption.